



Keynote: The RISC-V Verification Ecosystem with Open Standards and Commercial Tools

Jon Taylor jont@imperas.com

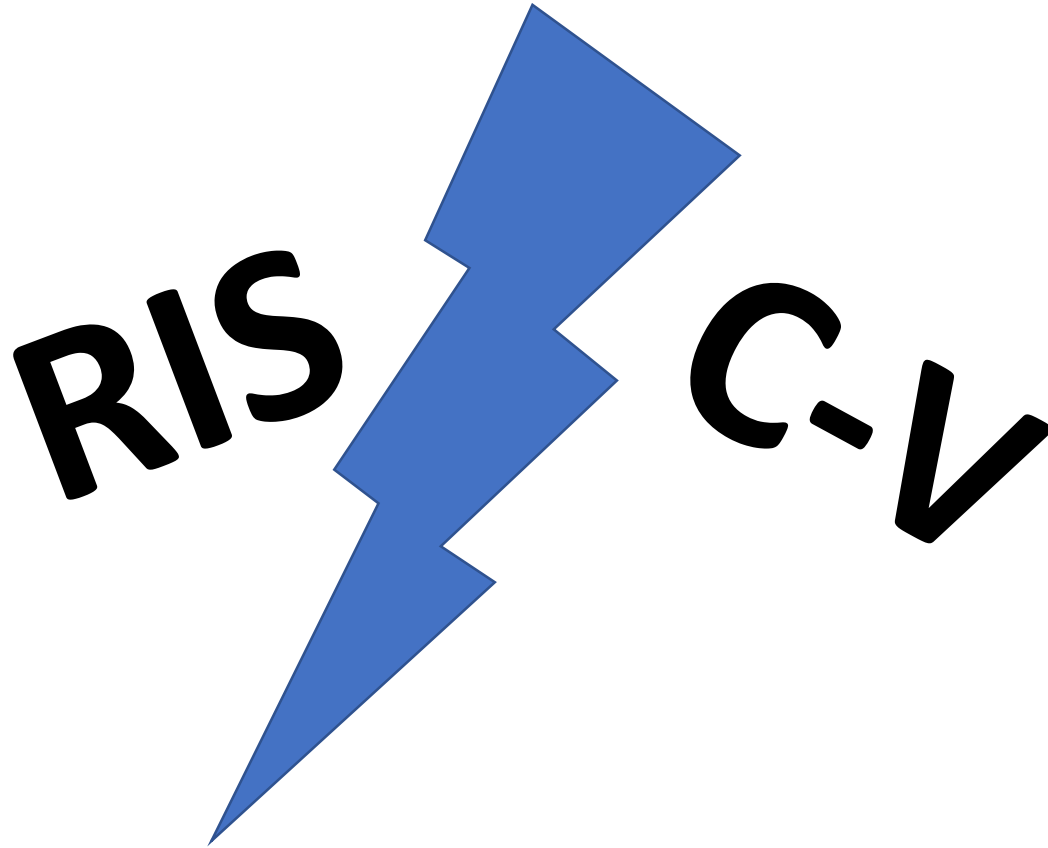
Director of Product Development, Imperas Software

Thame, Oxfordshire

June 6, 2023

Introduction to RISC-V

- Spoiler alert
 - Its not a processor
 - Its not open source
 - Its not free



Big Numbers



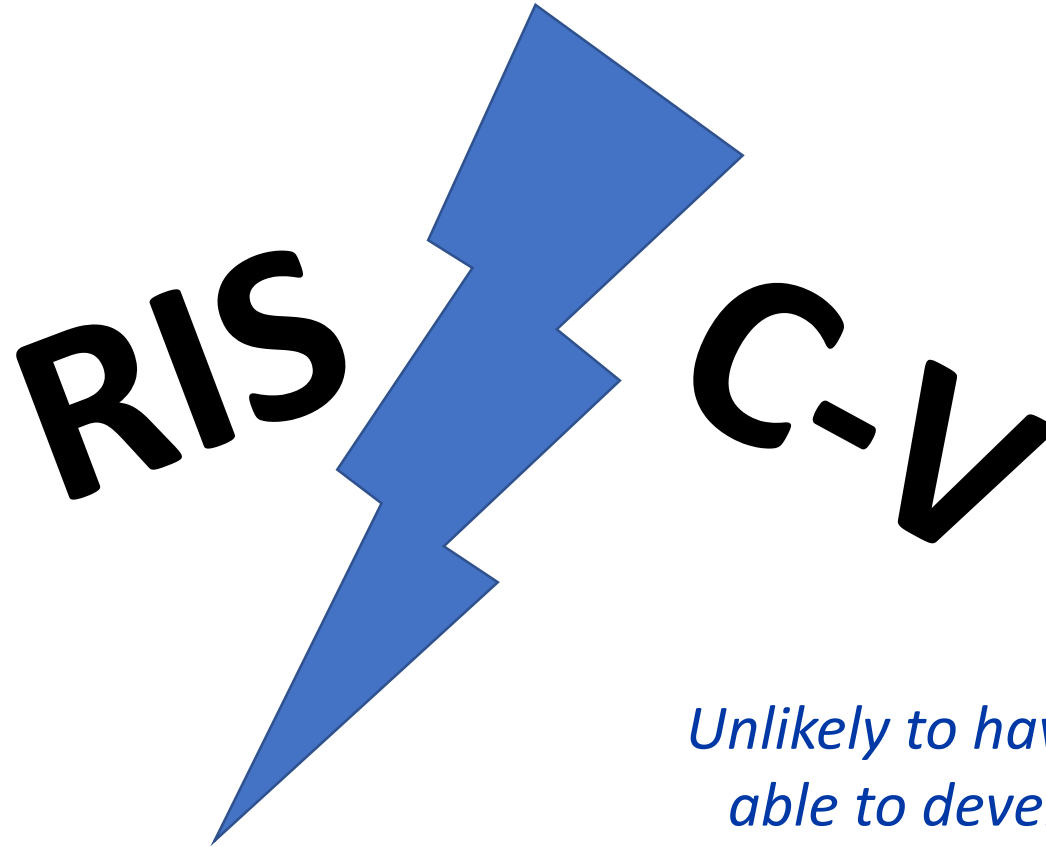
- 131,000,000 circumference of the earth in feet
- 100,000,000,000 the number of stars in the milky way
- 6,000,000,000,000 the number of miles in one light year
- 20,000,000,000,000 the total net worth in the world, in dollars (M2)

- 1,000,000,000,000,000 number of verification cycles Arm applies to one core

The RISC-V Disconnect



RISC-V Core User
*Expects core quality to be
the same as Arm*

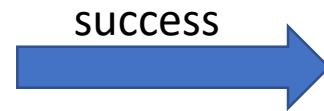


RISC-V Core Developer
*Unlikely to have resources needed be
able to develop all the technologies
required to perform the same level of
verification as Arm*

Scaling RISC-V Verification



How can we scale in-depth, proprietary processor verification experience, tools and methodology across the RISC-V community?



Ecosystems



- All electronic products are now defined by their SW
- Not just their operation, but their environments and lifecycles
 - Interconnected, cloud access, over air updates, improvements, ...
- What used to be a challenge for devices, is now a systems problem

- Yes we need an ISA, and a focused team for its development
- Yes we need SW, and its ecosystem and partnerships

- But if the devices don't work as needed, then there is nothing...
- And if the cores/processors are not as expected... the systems fail

- So alongside ISA, and SW, we have a third huge ecosystem to create: verification

Putting processor verification into context....



1,000,000,000,000,000

The number of verification cycles Arm uses when verifying an Arm core

- SystemVerilog simulator executes 2,000 cycles / second
=> 15,000 SystemVerilog simulators running for 1 year
- HW emulator or FPGA runs at 1,000,000 cycles / second
=> 30 years of running needed...
- OK – so this is for a high performance OoO, MP, VM core (full apps processor)
 - Embedded processors will be an order of magnitude less...

How do others do it

- Intel, Arm
 - MIPS, PowerPC, SPARC, ...
- Well they developed all needed tools/solutions – internally – proprietary – for their internal usage...
- They had 100s of people involved and spent \$100Ms each year on it...



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[and they have far less configuration and don't have custom instructions and other extensibility available with RISC-V... and they had the advantage of single source control of the RTL...]

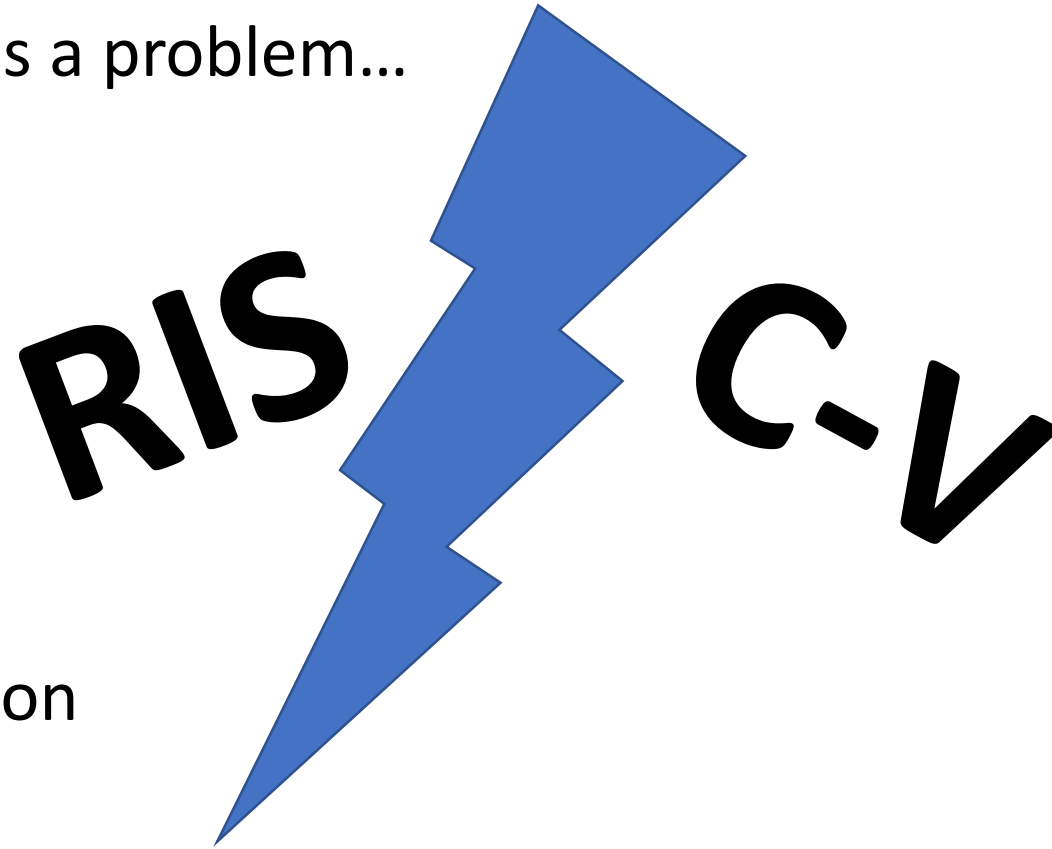
What did they spend their \$100Ms/year on...



- Tools
- Verification IP
- Models
- Methodology
- Infrastructure
- Tests
- [and also formal tools and correct-by-construction flows]

And what they did not buy in – they built internally... with 100s of people...

So we have to accept – RISC-V has a problem...



And that problem... is ... verification

Some “facts”...

- Almost all ISAs are no longer used...
- Under a quarter of tapeouts work first time* (and cost \$ to re-spin)
- Most semiconductor start-ups fail to return interesting \$ to investors...

Life is already hard!

*Wilson Research Group report, 2022

So what can we do in RISC-V?



- In the RISC-V world, it is unlikely that one company can spend the \$ or can hire the people to develop all they need...
 - [Arm relies on ISA / design royalty, Intel relies on silicon sale...]
- Partner / Collaborate in non-competitive areas
- Attract players into the verification ecosystem to develop needed solutions
- Build standards to facilitate re-use and efficiency
- If it does not differentiate your product offering / company
 - You can collaborate externally
 - You can license commercial tools

Imperas

- 2008 – developed world class processor modeling & simulation solutions for many ISAs for virtual prototyping and software development
 - A good, growing, and profitable business
- 2016 started looking at RISC-V
- 2018 RISC-V processor developers started using Imperas as reference for their hardware verification
- For last 5 years have been assisting companies with their RISC-V DV needs
- For last 3 years started working collaboratively with free and open source solutions
 - e.g. OpenHW Group open source highly verified industrial quality RISC-V cores
- For last 2 years working on RISC-V verification standards and advanced methodologies

The Imperas logo features the word "imperas" in a blue, lowercase, sans-serif font. A small orange square is positioned above the letter "i".The ARM logo is in blue lowercase letters. The MIPS logo consists of the word "MIPS" in white uppercase letters inside a blue rectangular box.The ARC logo is in blue with a red swoosh. The PowerPC logo is in red. The tensilica logo is in blue with a green and blue geometric shape.The RISC-V logo features a stylized "R" in blue and yellow above the text "RISC-V" in blue uppercase letters.

So what have we learnt in last 4 years...

There are many methodologies for 'verification' of new processors



- Does a program run? – ‘hello world’ tests
 - Is there simple correct computation? – ‘self checking tests’
 - Signature checking – ‘post simulation signature dump compares’
 - Trace log checking – ‘post simulation trace file compare’
 - Simple step and compare co-simulation – ‘instruction retire compare’
 - Advanced, e.g. commercial solutions – ‘async-lock-step-compare’
- [Note: this discussion is only about dynamic simulation verification – there are of course many excellent commercial formal verification solutions]
-
- Three blue curly brackets on the right side of the slide group the list items into three categories: "Simple tests" (covering the first two items), "Compliance" (covering the next two items), and "Verification" (covering the last two items).

RISC-V verification tooling



- Tools needed to create a good DV environment
 - Test bench / framework / Verification IP
 - Models
 - Coverage recording & reporting tooling
 - HDL Simulators
 - Tests
 - Test generators
 - Cross-compilers
 - Software debuggers
 - Formal tools
 - Regression testing / job run framework
 - ...

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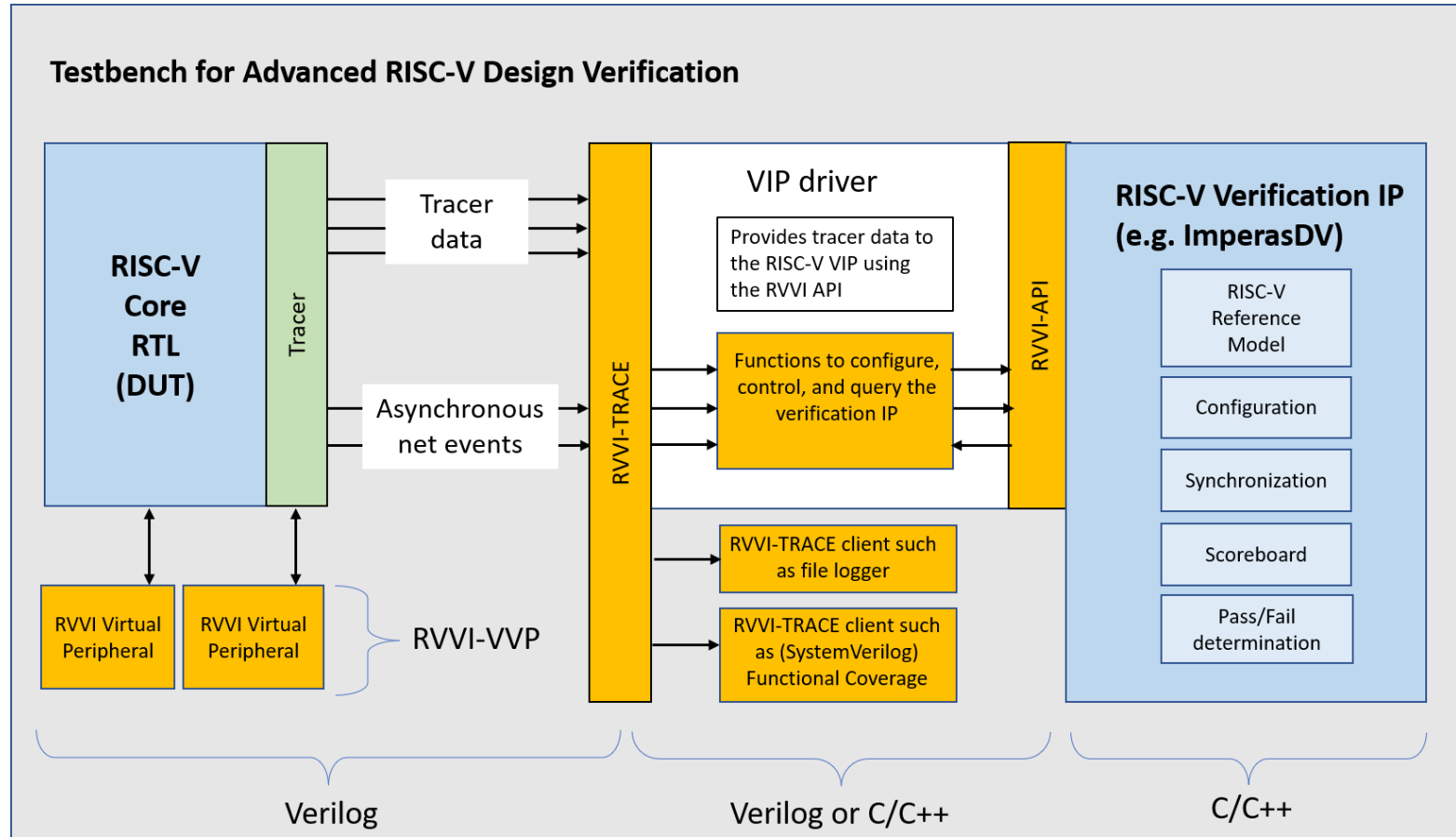
RISC-V verification tooling



- Tools needed to create a good DV environment – for specific ISA extensions, customizations, and implementations
 - Test bench / framework / Verification IP
 - Models
 - Coverage recording & reporting tooling
- These need creating and adapting and focusing on the core being verified
- AND – we don't want to have to re-create them for each core... by each team, by each company
- We need to develop these in such a way that they are
 - Configurable without (too many) source edits
 - Extendable to exploit freedoms of RISC-V
 - Develop them to be re-used
- And that is where standards come in...

Adopting RVVI allows much re-use

RISC-V Verification Interface (<https://github.com/riscv-verification/RVVI>)

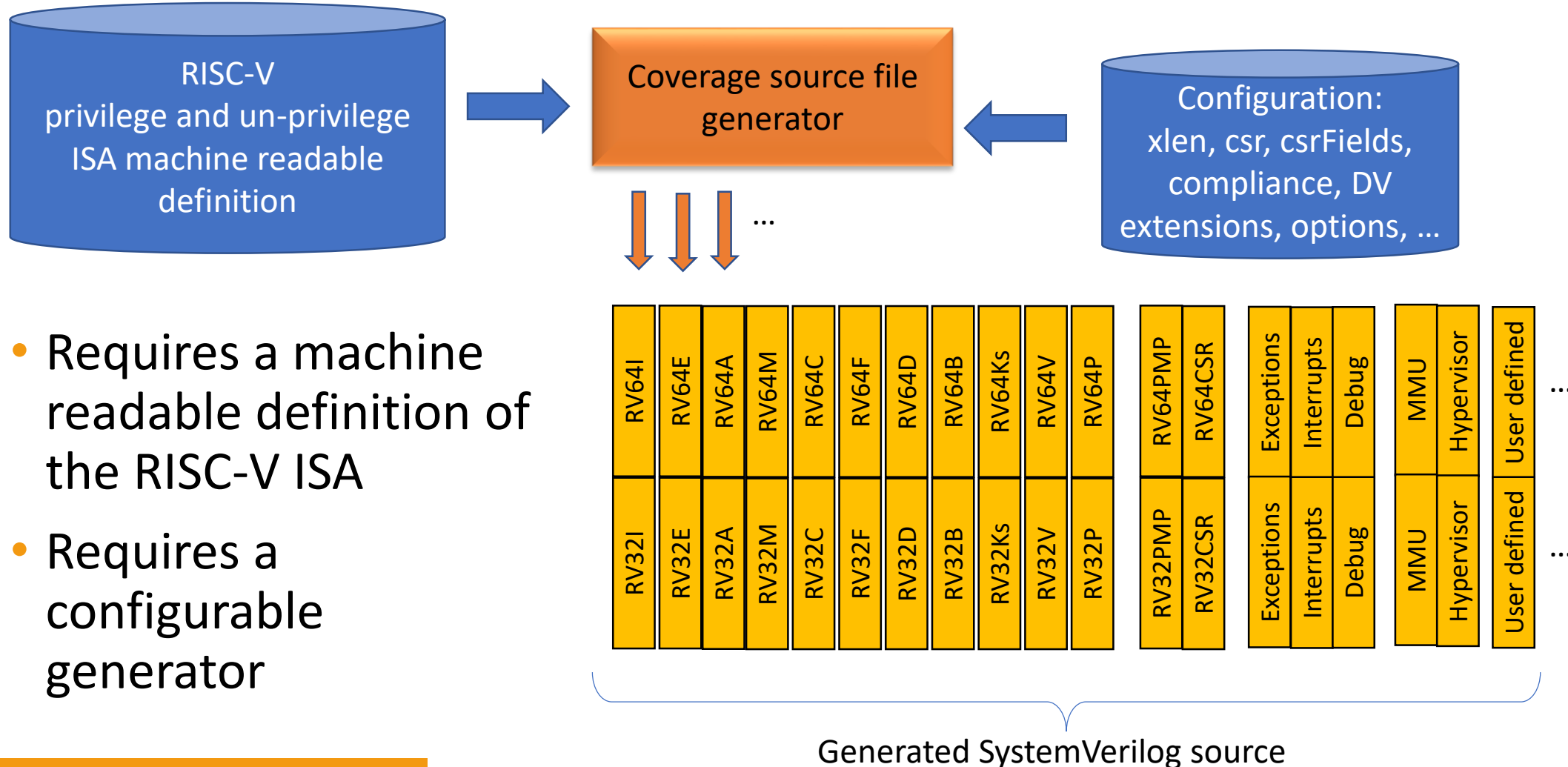


=> Just requires a core specific 'tracer' to interface DUT into RVVI

- Uses open standard RVVI
- Allows re-use of test bench VIP components
- Allows re-use of configured reference models
- Allows use of external components such as Functional Coverage

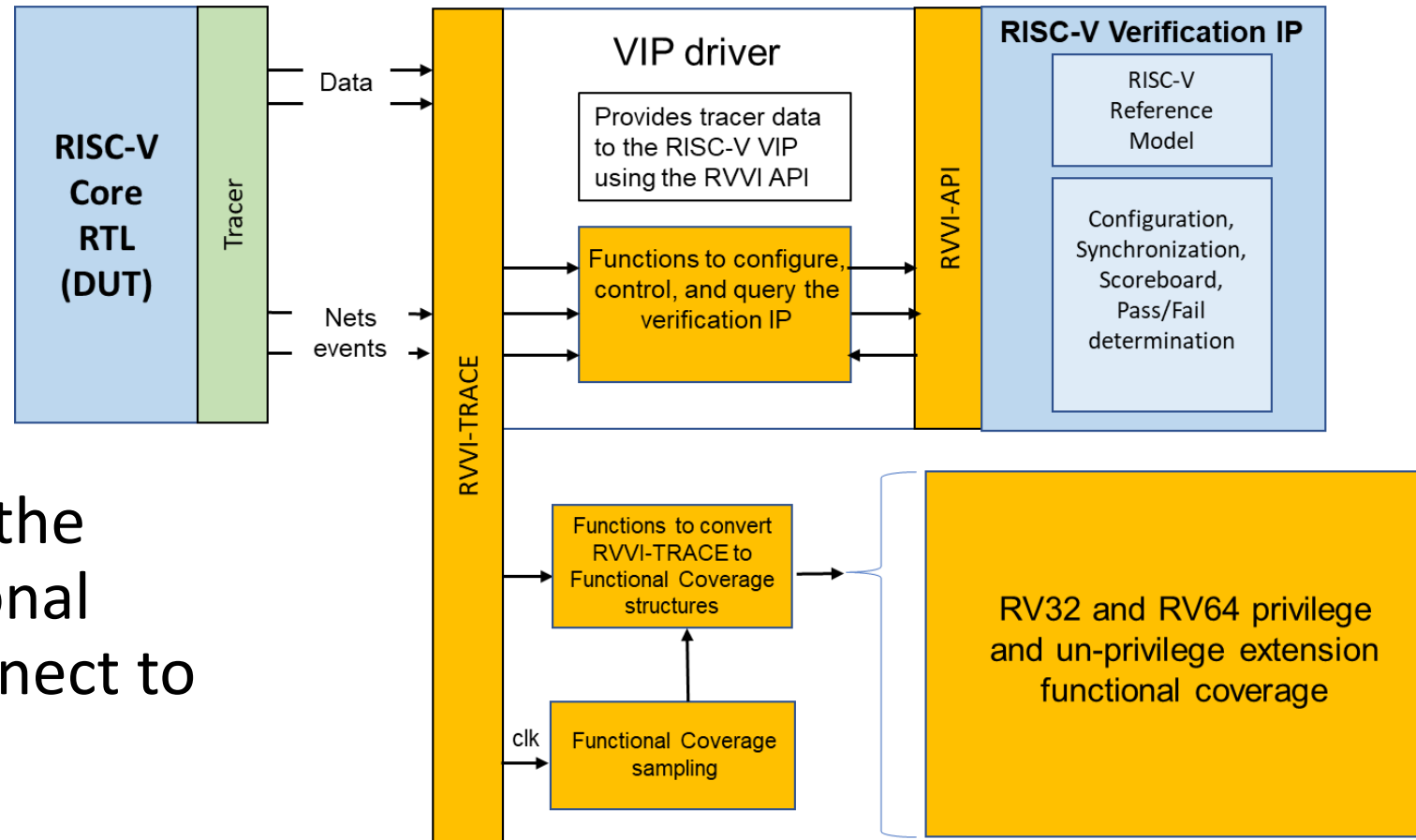
OpenHW Functional Coverage requirements project

riscvISACOV (<https://github.com/riscv-verification/riscvISACOV>)



- Requires a machine readable definition of the RISC-V ISA
- Requires a configurable generator

OpenHW Functional Coverage - using RVVI standard & generated SystemVerilog source



- Can just 'plug-in' the generated functional coverage and connect to the RVVI

Summary



- RISC-V processors need to be high quality
 - High quality means a lot of verification resources
 - High quality needs advanced verification methodologies
 - Efficiency needs standards and re-use
-
- RISC-V industry needs to invest in verification ecosystem to complement ISA and SW ecosystems

Conclusions...

- If we fail in this verification challenge, RISC-V will fail to achieve its potential
- Collaboration works well in RISC-V
 - In ISA
 - In SW
- Verification for RISC-V processors needs to become an industry focus
 - Verification collaboration is starting
 - e.g. new projects in OpenHW Group Verification Task Group starting

Thank you!

For more information please contact us at

info@imperas.com

www.imperas.com/riscv